

METHOD FOR ISOLATING NUCLEIC ACIDSABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The invention relates to a method for isolating nucleic acids from a sample containing nucleic acids by

- (A) mixing, at a pH of 7 or less, the sample with a water-insoluble polymer that is not ionic in the basic and neutral range, is a bead polymer having an average particle size of from 3 to 100 μm , and consists of polymerized units of
- (a) 5 to 98% by weight of amino monomer,
 - (b) 0.3 to 30% by weight of crosslinker, and
 - (c) 0 to 93% by weight of vinyl monomer,
- thereby absorbing the nucleic acids,
- (B) separating the water-insoluble polymer on which is absorbed the nucleic acids, and
- (C) mixing the water-insoluble polymer with an aqueous phase with a pH of greater than 7, thereby liberating the adsorbed nucleic acids.